



طبعة خاصة
وزارة المجاهدين
وذوي الحقوق

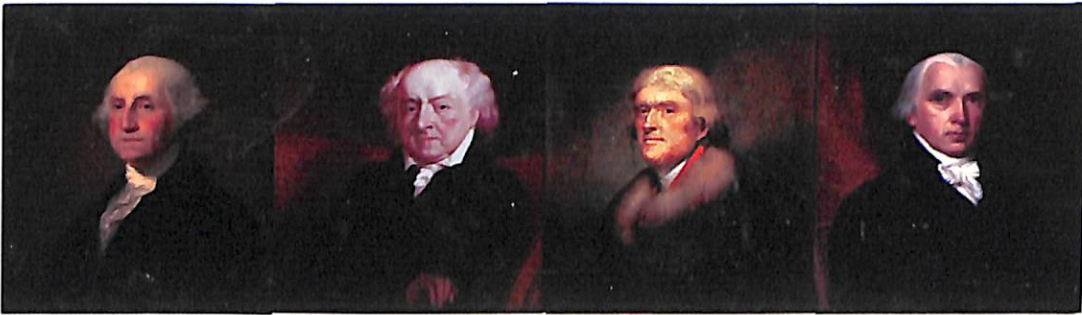
الدبلوماسية الأمريكية

في شمال إفريقيا

1817-1776

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ترجمة: علي قابليت



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The United States and North African States:1776-1816

To understand the early relations between the North African states and U. S. It is necessary to keep in mind the customs, which regulated the conduct of these states with Christian powers. It must also be remembered that the United States, having fought a long and a expensive war, was heavily in debt and had little credit, and that central government was weak, poorly organized, and in a state of transition. From 1785 to 1797, America had no navy with which to defend its citizens and its commerce, or with which to compel other nations to respect its rights. It is well to note in passing that the treaties between the United States and the North African powers possess an exceptional character, since they are not contacts between equals.

July marks the time when Algeria and the United States celebrated the anniversary of their independence. Each year, on July 4 and 5, such a happy coincidence enables our two nations to be in communion with one another as they glorify the higher values of liberty and dignity and remember the heavy human sacrifices that each of them had to make and win by force of arms the right to live in independence.

Other significance dates in the history of our two nations come naturally to mind. On September 5, 1795, the first agreement between our tw countries was signed by the Dey of Algiers and Joseph Donaldson, Joel Barlow and the American colonies had a considerable trade with Algeria which, accordingly to Thoms Jefferson, Secretary of State then, that from eighty to one hundred ships, of about twelve hundred seamen and twenty thousand tons burden, was engaged in the outward trade to North African States.

As soon as the Revolution came to an end, the negotiation of treaties engaged the attention of Congress and of its diplomatic agents in Europe. In September 1783, John Adams, American peace commissioner, recommended to the president of Congress the making of treaties with the Barbary powers, either by the the America ministers or by an agent appointed by them.

هذا الكتاب هدية من وزارة المجاهدين وذوي الحقوق
بمناسبة الذكرى الستين لعيد الاستقلال



تاريخ مجيد وعهد جديد